ZANZIBAR INSTITUTE OF ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS AND TAX CONSULTANTS

CERTIFIED TAX TECHNICIAN (CTT) EXAMINATIONS CURRICULUM

2025 - 2030



"PROFESSION IS OUR LANGUAGE"

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FOREWORD

A primary objective of any education system is to cultivate competent, self-driven and morally upright human capital to foster sustainable growth and prosperity within the economy. To effectively achieve this, it is essential for the education system to align with market dynamics at national, regional and global levels.

For professional bodies such as the Zanzibar Institute of Accountants, Auditors, and Tax Consultants (ZIAAT), this alignment necessitates the development of a curriculum that meets market expectations. The factors driving curriculum development are varied and include compliance with the ZIAAT Act, No. 7 of 2022, which guides the attainment, maintenance, and development of professional competence. This is an initial step for ZIAAT in its efforts to supervise and regulate the tax profession.

In this context, the Board of Directors, as the supreme organ of ZIAAT, is pleased to acknowledge the significant milestone represented by the completion of the ZIAAT curriculum, developed in collaboration with various stakeholders. This curriculum provides ZIAAT with the opportunity to address emerging trends that will shape the next generation of paraprofessionals. Key areas of focus include data analytics, digital competence, soft skills, and a global perspective on decision-making.

With this developed curriculum, ZIAAT is poised to take a leading role in equipping the economy with skilled paraprofessionals in areas such as income tax, indirect tax, customs management, tax audits, ethics, information communication technology, and related fields. Consequently, the curriculum is expected to enhance education in taxation and tax compliance, ultimately increasing government revenue and ensuring fairness in tax matters. This improvement is anticipated to further support the Government's development agenda as outlined in the Zanzibar Vision 2050, as well as align with existing long-term plans and strategies set forth in the CCM Manifesto, SDGs, and ZADEP.

The successful implementation of the developed curriculum will depend on the support of all stakeholders. I urge continued collaboration with ZIAAT from various government ministries and departments, regulatory bodies, employers, professional institutions, universities, and other training organizations.

It is my belief that the developed curriculum will reshape the qualifications landscape for paraprofessionals in the region and beyond, reinforcing Zanzibar's historic role in producing competitive professionals and scholars.



CPA Juma Amour Juma

Chairperson – Board of Directors

Zanzibar Institute of Accountants, Auditors and Tax Consultants

PREFACE

Taxation plays an integral part in bringing up prosperity in economic development. As far as this concern, ZIAAT has initiated the program of developing the curriculum of the tax profession due to its valuable and proximate role in the economic development of the country. The primary focus is the need to produce enhanced, integrated and competence-based curriculum whose graduates will remain well positioned to meet the dynamic global market demands for the next five years and beyond.

The development process commenced intensive on September, 2024 with an exhaustive stakeholder engagement across various institutions and individual groups from both Unguja and Pemba as well as Tanzania Mainland. This was supplemented by the study visits and literature reviews conducted in various parts of the globe including Tanzania Mainland, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Singapore, South Africa, Ghana, Ireland, Pakistan, and Nigeria. Further, engagements with employers, practitioners and the market at large ended in the development of a competence framework for the tax technician qualifications of ZIAAT. A competence framework is a structure that sets out and defines each individual competence required by persons working in an organization. The framework defines the knowledge, skills and attributes needed for people within an organization.

Completing the competence framework were occupational standards developed for the vocational, certificate and diploma programs. Similar to the competence frameworks for paraprofessionals, the occupational standards for various technician qualifications are statements of work performance reflecting the ability to successfully complete the functions required in an occupation, as well as application of knowledge, skills and understanding in an occupation.

With the development of the competence frameworks and occupational standards, the next logical step was the development of the detailed curriculum content addressing the identified required competencies. It was developed by various subject matter experts drawn from both public and private sectors, industry and academia, employers and practitioners among others.

As noted above, stakeholder engagement formed a critical pillar in each step of the development process. At the final stretch, stakeholders were invited to validate the curriculum on October 2024.

As part of the modern competence-based system, ZIAAT will use various assessment modes through a partnership model with other institutions to test the achievement of key competencies and skills. Among other key areas of focus is the introduction of practical experience and work-based simulation, together with a requirement for students to attend workshops where matters of ethics, values, attitudes, and other soft skills will be developed.

We are confident that the qualification of ZIAAT will address the current and emerging skills requirements in the national, regional and international markets.

We are particularly grateful to the Revolutionary Government of Zanzibar through President's Office, Finance and Planning for uncounted support that helped ZIAAT to complete its first curriculum in its effort to establish issuance of qualification. This will push ZIAAT toward accomplishing its mandated objective that guides toward attainment, maintenance and development of professional competence.

We also extend our appreciation to all public and private institutions for their valuable insights especially on the areas of global trends and emerging issues in areas relevant to examinations of ZIAAT. In this connection, we wish to highlight the following institutions for special attention:

- 1. State University of Zanzibar (SUZA)
- 2. Zanzibar University (ZU)
- 3. Institute of Tax Administration (ITA)
- 4. National Board of Accountants and Auditors (NBAA)
- 5. Bank of Tanzania (BOT)
- 6. Zanzibar Institute of Education (ZIE)
- 7. Institute of Financial Management (IFM)
- 8. Tanzania Revenue Authority (TRA)
- 9. Zanzibar Revenue Authority (ZRA)

Finally, I wish to take this opportunity to thank all our partners and stakeholders for their contribution in various ways to the successful completion of curriculum development. ZIAAT remains forever grateful to all our stakeholders for their role in ensuring the development of quality and globally benchmarked curriculum, competence frameworks and occupational standards. We look forward to your continued support in the implementation of the developed curriculum.

CPA Ame Burhan Shaadhil

Executive Director

Zanzibar Institute of Accountants, Auditors and Tax Consultants

WELCOMING NOTE

Dear Student,

Welcome to the Certified Tax Technician programme.

This curriculum offers comprehensive information on the Certified Tax Technician qualification and is designed to guide you throughout your course of study.

This holistic course mixes a comprehensive technician competence covering the high level of initial paraprofessional development in the like of tax administration, introduction to income tax, indirect tax, customs management, and fundamentals of tax audit and ethics, building a solid foundation in the fundamentals of inland tax system. It also covers the relevant accounting and legal principles as well as an overview of soft skills particularly in communication, data analytics and ICT skills.

Our flexible modular structure ensures that you can complete the qualification at a pace that suits you, completing the course and examinations over a period of one and half year to two years.

Our Institute provides a range of support services to assist you during your studies and are in regular communication about various aspects of the course and examinations.

I would like to wish you every success in your studies in the year ahead.

Kind regards

Yours sincerely,

CPA Dr Khamis M Khamis

Acting Director

Department of Regulation and Development of Accountants, Auditors and Tax Consultants

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background Information

Zanzibar Institute of Accountants, Auditors and Tax Consultants (ZIAAT) was established through an Act of the House of Representatives (Act Number 07/2022) and officially started its operations in September, 2023. ZIAAT is legally mandated to fulfill the following objectives:

- Enhancing the quality of services offered by Accountants, Auditors and Tax Consultants;
- Ensuring the attainment, maintenance and development of professional competencies; and
- Promoting knowledge and upholding the highest standards of professional and business conduct and ensuring ethical members of the Institute in public and private sectors.

The Board of Directors oversees the overall management of ZIAAT, while the President's Office, Finance, and Planning is responsible for policy decisions. As a Professional Accounting Organization (PAO) in Zanzibar, ZIAAT regulates the accountancy and taxation professions, offering qualifications to ensure that these practices are conducted professionally and in accordance with accepted standards.

1.2 Vision

To be a world class standard of excellence, innovation and integrity in professional practices.

1.3 Mission

To build an innovative and ethical professional service that foresees stakeholders' expectation and uphold public interest

1.4 Core Values



1.5 International Benchmarking

The specialized nature of the tax function has led to the establishment of specialized professional bodies in several countries. ZIAAT is amongst of them which regulates the same tax qualification in Zanzibar. In developing this tax qualification, ZIAAT has managed to benchmark internationally through the review of tax qualifications from different countries like South Africa, Nigeria, Uganda, Singapore, Belgium, Malaysia, Brunei, to mention the few. In other words, ZIAAT as PAO is required by IFAC to support the implementation of international accounting and auditing standards. Consequently, ZIAAT continuously adopts and integrates the international standards into all of its functions. Any professional qualification offered by ZIAAT is designed to align with a universally applicable educational

framework, such as the International Accounting Education Standards (IAES) issued by IFAC. In that case, the whole framework of this qualification is in line with international education standards that guide benchmarking standards in the development of professional competence.

1.6 Professional Designation and Membership Criteria

The Tax Technician Qualification is a prerequisite for initial membership in ZIAAT, granting the designation of Certified Tax Technician (CTT) in Zanzibar. Upon meeting all qualification requirements, individuals will receive a "Notice of Membership." Those wishing to practice in taxation must then apply to the Institute in accordance with the ZIAAT Act and its regulations.

2. TAX TECHNICIAN COURSE

2.1 General Overview

The course aims to develop a skilled workforce of technicians capable of handling paraprofessional and clerical taxation duties required by both public and private sectors. Its objective is to systematically enhance the skills of tax technicians in a way that aligns with public interest principles and promotes the standards and reputation of professional institutions.

In addition to complying with the requirements set by international bodies such as the International Federation of Accountants and the international standards that govern professional education, the course is appropriate for students who are working or aspiring to work in the public or private sector, as well as in business and commerce. It also facilitates advanced standing for candidates who meet the requirements of accredited universities.

The course is tailored to the unique business and government requirements of Zanzibar and is on pace with contemporary standards used by top institutions worldwide. It also captures key aspects of Zanzibar culture.

2.2 Purpose

Aligned with both national and international objectives, the course aims to clarify the role of a certified tax technician in Zanzibar. Thus, as a versatile paraprofessional practitioner, the certified tax technician shall:

- Use taxation knowledge and skills in contributing to the economic development of the country.
- Provide genuine assistance in addressing tax-related issues for all types of business organizations.
- Behave in the public interest as well in the best interest of their employer or client.
- Provide the high-value technical skills and solid knowledge that taxation paraprofessionals are expected to possess.
- **4** Present their technical expertise in a practical and relevant manner.
- Deliver skills in the private and public sectors through a basic understanding of their issues and environments.

2.3 Main Objectives

To provide students with:

- (a) A foundational knowledge and comprehension of taxation concepts and principles.
- (b) The capacity to support the resolution of real-world issues involving the interaction of several taxes without taking case law into account.
- (c) The capacity to uphold efficiency and professional integrity in the practice and administration of taxes.

2.4 Entry Requirements and Registration Procedures

2.4.1 Entry Requirements

2.4.1.1 Certified Tax Technician Level I

A prospective candidate seeking to register for the Certified Tax Technician Level I examinations must show evidence of being a holder of any one of the following qualifications:

(a) Certificate of Secondary Education Examination (CSEE) with at least three credit passes and a pass grade either in Mathematics or English Language; OR

- (b) Certificate of Secondary Education Examination (CSEE) with two credit passes in commercial subjects plus one more credit pass and at least two passes from any other subjects; OR
- (c) Advanced Certificate of Secondary Education Examination (ACSEE) with at least one principal pass and a subsidiary pass in relevant subjects of his/her combination; OR
- (d) A one-year certificate not majoring in Taxation (NTA4) from a recognized Institution with a pass grade in English or Mathematics at "O" level prior to obtaining such a certificate; OR
- (e) Any other certificates as may be recognized by the Institute from time to time.

2.4.1.2 Certified Tax Technician Level II

A prospective candidate seeking to register for the Certified Tax Technician Level II examinations must show evidence of being a holder of any one of the following qualifications:

- (a) ZIAAT's Certified Tax Technician Level I Statement of Success
- (b) A two-year diploma not majoring in Taxation where in such a case the exemptions to be granted shall be considered on subject-to- subject basis depending on the candidate's specialty; OR
- (c) Holders of Advanced Level Secondary Education who have pursued Economics, Commerce and Accountancy or other commercially biased combinations (with at least one principal and a subsidiary at A-level Secondary Education; OR
- (d) A One-year Certificate in Customs and Tax Administration or equivalent (NTA level 4).

2.4.1.3 Certified Tax Technician Level III

A prospective candidate seeking to register for the Certified Tax Technician Level III examinations must show evidence of being a holder of ZIAAT's Certified Tax Technician Level II Statement of Success.

2.5 Registration Procedures

- 2.5.1 Application for registration must be made on the form prescribed in the registration guidelines issued by the Institute.
- 2.5.2 The Institute will provide each registered student with an "Identity Card" as proof of his/her enrollment. The student's registration number (SR. No.) will be shown on the Identity Card and will serve as the permanent exam reference number in all correspondence with the Institute.
- 2.5.3 The identity card will be required for admission to the examination hall. Therefore, it is crucial that a candidate keep it safe and present it during the exam if needed.

2.6 Retaining Studentship

- 2.6.1 Each year on July 1st, there will be an annual renewal fee for the studentship, which must be paid before the end of september. If any fee paid after that time, the student will be penalized accordingly.
- 2.6.2 The studentship will be terminated if the annual renewal fees are not paid by the next examination diet.
- 2.6.3 A student whose studentship lapses due to non-payment of annual dues may, upon application, renew their studentship by paying the appropriate penalty and the outstanding dues, as determined by the Institute. The student will, thereafter, be re-activated.
- 2.6.4 If a student engages in professional misconduct, he or she may be dropped from the program.

2.7 Lecture and Course Materials

- 2.7.1 The course is delivered using part-time lecturing by either a class model directly administered by the Institute or outsourced under the control of accredited tuition providers.
- 2.7.2 The tuition provider seeking to offer training/lecturing shall apply for registration through the ZIAAT portal available on the Institute's website.
- 2.7.3 The course materials for further studies are provided through a dedicated manual prepared by the Institute for each module.

2.7.4 Each module shall contain a number of past papers that will be used by the students for reference purposes. They will be kept in the Institute's library and on the website for easier access.

- 2.7.5 The students will also receive the Institute's periodical information service on the latest tax news, tax cases, tax publications, revenue legislation and forthcoming tax deadlines.
- 2.7.6 The books and journals for reference purposes will be available for each module under the control of the Institute library management. The books for resale and personal ownership will be available at our Institute's bookshop.

2.8 Examination Arrangements

- 2.8.1 There are two examination diets offered by the ZIAAT examination schedule. Normally, the exams take place in the months of October and April each year.
- 2.8.2 Registration for examination is required to be made three months prior to the examination diet for each applicant who wants to sit for exams for any diet.
- 2.8.3 Application for student examination must be made through ZIAAT portal available on the Institute's website.
- 2.8.4 An application for student registration for examination one month prior to the examination diet shall not be recognized.
- 2.8.5 Once the minimum entry requirements are met, a student shall be allowed to sit for the examination.
- 2.8.6 A student who is not on the students' roll will not be permitted to sit for examinations.
- 2.8.7 The student who has not fulfilled examination requirements shall not be permitted to sit for examinations.
- 2.8.8 Students who have an unpaid balance will not be permitted to register and sit for exams.
- 2.8.9 The Institute will provide a notification letter to the registered student for the particular examination diet.

- 2.8.10 Subject to the approval of the Institute, a student may apply to postpone or withdraw from examinations with genuine reasons as prescribed in examination rules.
- 2.8.11 The detailed guidelines of examination shall be published through the Institute website.

2.9 Exemption Policies and Procedures

- 2.9.1 Exemptions are granted to institutions accredited by the National Council for Technical and Vocational Education and Training (NACTVET) and recognized by the Institute.
- 2.9.2 Holders of a Diploma in Taxation awarded by a Tertiary Institution are exempted from all Level I and Level II papers.
- 2.9.3 Holders of a Diploma in Accounting or equivalent awarded by a Tertiary Institution are exempted from subject wise.
- 2.9.4 Holders of other professional qualifications recognized by the Institute would be granted exemption on subject by subject basis
- 2.9.5 Exemptions would NOT be extended to any paper in Level III.
- 2.9.6 Applicants wishing to request an exemption from any part of the Institute's examinations must do so online through the Institute portal.
- 2.9.7 Applications for exemptions must be completed before sitting for the subject(s) in the examination level for which they are requested. In order to give enough time for the application to be reviewed and evaluated, the application must be submitted at least two months prior to the examination session's closing date.
- 2.9.8 An applicant must submit a comprehensive syllabus and transcripts from the educational institution from which he or she graduated, detailing the course contents for the subjects for which an exemption is requested. The syllabus is not required when the institutional program has previously been evaluated by the institute and granted exemption (this is applicable to the taxation programs offered by the higher learning institutions within Tanzania).

- 2.9.9 The Institute will consider an applicant's request for an exemption only once it is satisfied that the subject or subjects being asked for an exemption adequately cover at least 80% of the ZIAAT syllabus.
- 2.9.10 After sufficient proof of the subjects for which the exemption is requested is received, the applicant's request for an exemption will be evaluated subject to subject.
- 2.9.11 The candidates of ZIAAT who move from the phased-out examination scheme to the new examination scheme will receive exemptions from the previously completed papers.
- 2.9.12The detailed guidelines of exemption shall be determined by the Institute and published through the website.

2.10 Time Limits of the Course

- 2.10.1 The course must be completed within a period of 5 years from the date of registration of the studentship.
- 2.10.2 Once the completion period has expired, a student will be dropped. If a student is dropped for this reason, they can apply to re-register as a new student.
- 2.10.3 The lapsed time of studentship will not affect the course completion time limits i.e. no extension of completion dates will be allowed due to studentship lapses.

3. CURRICULUM STRUCTURE

3.1 Curriculum Overview

There are three stages to the CTT qualification: Level I, Level II, and Level III. The minimum admission requirements for each level vary significantly from one level to another. Except for level III, level I and II permit exemption on the basis of a subject-by-subject basis or as a whole-stage exemption.

Level I and Level II are completed through studies at the Institute or accredited tuition providers, as the case may be. The Institute will consider qualifications that the learner obtained through prior studies and provide an exemption for appropriate courses or decide to undertake a full set of Level I subjects.

Level III is completed with the inclusion of practical experience in the workplace with an approved training employer. The approved training employer, may either be an Accredited Training Employer (ATE) or a Qualified Person Responsible for Training (QPRT). The workplace experience requires a training record to be completed, supported by a portfolio of evidence. Both the training record and the portfolio of evidence are assessed by the Institute. The Workplace Experience provides for the training of Certified Tax Technicians working in private practice as well as those employed in the public revenue service. The module of TL304 Elementary of Field Practices and Solutions indicates the technical competencies needed to acquire a certified tax technician qualification. The generic competencies and the details of practical experience are available in the Practical Experience and Competence Guidelines.

3.2 Qualification Structure and Rationale

3.2.1 According to the outline, the proposed CTT qualification has a threelevel syllabus structure and one of the prerequisites for receiving a complete certification award is having work experience. The outline of the syllabus structure is as follows:

TECHNICIAN LEVEL 1			
Module Code	Module Name		
TL101	Tax Administration		
TL102	Basics of Financial Accounting		
TL103	Basic Mathematics and Statistics		
TL104	Basic Communication and ICT Skills		
	TECHNICIAN LEVEL II		
Module Code	Module Name		
TL201	Introduction to Income Tax		
TL202	Introduction to Indirect Tax		
TL203	Business and Company Laws		
TL204	Principles of Economics		

TECHNICIAN LEVEL III		
Module Code	Module Name	
TL301	Introduction to Customs Management	
TL302	Fundamentals of Tax Audit and Ethics	
TL303	Data Analytics and Techniques	
TL304	Elementary of Field Practices and Solutions	

- 3.2.2 All requirements for membership in ZIAAT as a paraprofessional member must be fulfilled. This includes passing exams and presenting documentation of appropriate work experience. Additional information regarding the work experience framework can be found in a separate document.
- 3.2.3 Most of the content in the modules that are highlighted is local. To ensure that the curriculum meets international benchmarks, all other modules are based on international content that has been contextualized for Zanzibar.
- 3.2.4 The rationale for the syllabus structure is to:
 - **4** Accomplish the expression of purpose;
 - Establish a direct link between the course materials and the syllabus content;
 - Explain in detail how students advance from one qualification level to the next, with an emphasis on the skills and competences they acquire through learning outcomes;
 - Enable students to progress from accredited learning institutions to the paraprofessional qualification (PPQ) level (IES1);
 - Adhere to IES2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 (technical competence, skills, ethics, and the capacity to combine pertinent technical expertise with acceptable real-world experience; assessed by relevant and meaningful evaluations);
 - Take students in IES7 (CPD), which prepares them for lifetime professional development;

- Make sure it is adequately compared to international qualifications to offer some compatibility with paraprofessional certifications from other nations; and
- Ensure that the members' skills apply to the environment and economy of Zanzibar by providing enough localized detail.

Module Code	Module Title	Credit Values	Contact Hours
TL101	Tax Administration	31	310
TL102	Basics of Financial Accounting	34	340
TL103	Basic Mathematics and Statistics	26	260
TL104	Basic Communication and ICT Skills	40	400
TL201	Introduction to Income Tax	20	200
TL202	Introduction to Indirect Tax	44	440
TL203	Business and Company Laws	31	310
TL204	Principles of Economics	22	220
TL301	Introduction to Customs Management	39	390
TL302	Fundamentals of Tax Audit and Ethics	61	610
TL303	Data Analytics and Techniques	49	490
TL304	Elementary of Field Practices and Solutions	80	800
	TOTAL	477	4770

3.3 List of Module Credit Values and Contact Hours

3.4 Introduction to Levels in the Qualification

3.4.1 The qualification comprises three levels (I, II, and III) that outline the progression criteria for achieving paraprofessional competency, reflecting both the purpose of the qualification and the complexity of the subject matter within the modules. Exam tasks at Levels I and II, as well as selected modules from Level III, will present clear and organized data and information. In contrast, the tasks in the TL303

and TL304 modules will focus on practical contexts with straightforward yet sophisticated data sets.

- 3.4.2 These tasks are described in terms of the students' skill achievement in a competency-based framework. Learning outcomes that precisely specify for students what they must perform in order to indicate that a skill has been learnt are evolved from skill achievement. Then, in order to make sure that students demonstrate the abilities they have acquired, these learning outcomes are reflected in examinations.
- 3.4.3 Learning outcomes are articulated in terms of tasks that include verbs such as describe, explain, apply, analyze, synthesize, and evaluate to specify the skill that has to be proven. The hierarchy of verbs used in modern qualifications recognizes that students can perform the simplest tasks at first, as demonstrated by verbs like "describe" and "explain," before moving on to more challenging tasks like "apply," "analyze," "synthesize," and "evaluate." This method, which has been used in qualifications for a long time, is based in part on Bloom's verb taxonomy. Hence, the learning outcomes are organized into six hierarchical levels. They move from the lowest level (knowledge) to the highest level (evaluation). This arrangement has been used to set the weight of each module based on the number of learning outcomes assigned to it and the weight of the verb used from learning task to learning outcome. The weights are identified within the syllabus for each learning outcome within a module and the meaning of each hierarchy is described below:

S/ N	LEVEL OF CRITICAL THINKING	DESCRIPTION	LEVEL SCORE
1	KNOWLEDGE	Retaining knowledge that has already been acquired.	To determine the overall weight of the learning outcome, each verb at this level has been given a score of "1."
2	COMPREHENSION	Having a thorough awareness and understanding of the facts and ideas.	Each verb at this level has been given a score of "2" in order to determine the overall weight of

			the learning
			outcome.
3	APPLICATION	This refers to the application of knowledge to actual situat ions in an attempt to solve problems.	A score of "3" has been assigned to each verb at this level in order to determine the overall weight of the learning outcome.
4	ANALYSIS	It entails breaking down objects or ideas into si mpler parts and finding evid ence to support generalizatio ns.	The learning outcome weighted average was calculated using an approximate score of "4" for the verb hierarchy at this level.
5	SYNTHESIS	Compile component ideas in to a new whole or propose al ternative solutions.	The learning outcome weighted average was calculated by approximating the verb hierarchy at this level with a score of "5."
6	EVALUATION	Ability to make and defend judgments based on internal evidence or external criteria.	The last level assigned a score of "6" to compute its weight for learning outcome.

3.5 Technician Level I

The Technician level I serves as a foundational framework for learning which contains general skills for beginners who intend to start a journey in a taxation field. In the end, this stage prepares the students for the next level which mostly focuses on taxation and related subjects. Further details of the subjects are shown in the table below:

TL 101 Tax	Content Overview: Tax Administration skill is
Administration	essential in taxation that involves the effective
	execution of the core activities for collecting taxes.
	The module introduces the identification of
	taxable subjects, records on taxable subjects and

the procedures for taxable subjects.

Advance to: TL304 Elementary of Field Practices and Solutions.

TL 102 Basics of
Financial
AccountingContent Overview: Students are introduced to the
key principles and concepts underlying financial
accounting using double-entry bookkeeping, and
preparation of financial statements for business
entities.

Advance to: structural to qualification.

TL 103 Basic	Advance from: New Module
Mathematics and Statistics	Content Overview: Basic Mathematics and Statistics is a key module that supports the core subjects in the qualification. It will help students to build the basic skills in the collection, processing, presentation and interpretation of simple numerical and statistical data and apply them in accounting for taxable income and tax liabilities. Advance to: TL303 Data Analytics and Techniques.
TL 104 Basic Communication and ICT Skills	Content Overview: Business Communication Skills are introduced in the curriculum as key soft skills that build the capacity of the candidate in basic English language skills and enable them to communicate effectively in a business environment. This is subject to an understanding of writing and reporting techniques in facilitating the performance of business operations in the organizations. Advance to: structural to qualification.

3.6 Technician Level II

The Technician level II modules expand on the subjects covered in the previous level and specialize in key areas of the taxation field and related subjects that help with tax liabilities computation. The variety of courses covered will enable advancement to the Practical level, where skills are developed and evaluated.

TL 201	Advance from: New Module
Introduction to	Content Overview: The module will provide the

Income Tax	learner with basic knowledge of various concepts and their application relating to income tax laws with a view to integrating the relevance of these laws with tax decisions. <i>Advance to:</i> 3.2 Elementary of Field Practices and Solutions.
TL 202 Introduction to Indirect Tax	Advance from: New Module Content Overview: Under the base of the taxation field, Introduction to Indirect Tax module will help to equip the learner with basic knowledge and skills to apply it to the indirect tax structure and various transactions relating to it.
	<i>Advance to:</i> 3.2 Elementary of Field Practices and Solutions.
TL 203 Business and Company Laws	Content Overview: Business and company law will provide learners with an understanding of key concepts and fundamental principles of law in the context of business and company activities. Advance to: structural to qualification.
TL 204 Principles of Economics	Content Overview: Principles of Economics used here as a skill to support the candidates in identifying the influence and interaction of economic principles in taxation matters especially for economic decisions that influence taxation such as fiscal policies and monetary policies Advance to: structural to qualification

3.7 Technician Level III

The Technician Level III is a vital part of the ZIAAT CTT Qualification. It enables candidates to build on the technical knowledge they have acquired during their prior tertiary studies and in the CTT Program, by developing the skills, attitudes and behaviors that are expected for a Certified Tax Technician in Zanzibar. Candidates are required to acquire relevant practical work experience via an Accredited Training Employer (ATE) or a Qualified Person Responsible for Training (QPRT) under the guidance of ZIAAT. Candidates are required to accumulate a minimum of 120 working days of practical experience. The level will also emphasize the application of basic data analytics skills using the relevant tools as assigned by the Institute in building the foundations of analytical capacity for the students.

TL 301	Advance from: New Module
Introduction to Customs Management	<i>Content Overview:</i> In this level, there is a need to initiate knowledge based on customs operations to give learners an opportunity to understand basic customs issues. Hence, the learners will be able to acquire skills and expertise in handling customs related operations that have a great impact on the public revenue of the country. <i>Advance to:</i> 3.2 Elementary of Field Practices and Solutions.
TL 302	Advance from: New Module
Fundamentals of Tax Audit and Ethics	<i>Content Overview:</i> The candidate in this module will be able to understand the fundamental principles of tax audit especially at lower level capacity. The knowledge of examination of tax returns as well as accounts used to compute and prepare tax figures will be offered to respective students to be able to perform basic tax audits that will contribute to the tax compliance in the country.
	<i>Advance to:</i> TL304 Elementary of Field Practices and Solutions.
TL303 Data Analytics and	Advance from: TL103 Basic Mathematics and Statistics
Techniques	<i>Content Overview:</i> The module will help the candidate apply knowledge and skills in data analytics to solve basic problems in the business environment and utilize simplified computer application techniques in computation, analysis and summarizing taxation data.
	<i>Advance to:</i> TL304 Elementary of Field Practices and Solutions.
TL 304 Elementary	Advance from: New Module
of Field Practices and Solutions	<i>Content Overview:</i> Elementary of Field Practices and Solutions is an integral part of the CTT qualification. In this module the candidate will be capacitated with basic tax expertise practices to incorporate the knowledge and skills acquired across all subjects to gain necessary practical

experience.

Advance to: Structural to core modules of the qualification and TL303 Data Analytics and Techniques.

3.8 Assessments

- 3.8.1 ZIAAT will employ various assessment methods in partnership with other institutions to test the achievement of key competencies and skills. Among other key areas of focus is the introduction of practical experience and work simulation, together with a requirement for students to attend workshops where ethics, values, attitudes and other soft skills will be developed.
- 3.8.2 Generally, the assessment model will consist of examinations, practical papers, attendance at workshops and practical experience.
- 3.8.3 Each examination will be evaluated through paper-based assessments. The types of assessments included in the qualification will be as follows:
 - (a) Exams for levels 1, 2 and some modules from level 3 will last two hours long and include multiple-choice, written/numerical answer, or a combination of both types of questions.
 - (b) The modules will be assessed using two distinct models at stage three. The TL303 module will require a five-hour examination that will require data analysis and report writing. The Institute will provide the candidate with an analytical tool so they may run the data after receiving the data set.
 - (c) Conversely, the TL304 module will be evaluated through a fourhour exam, with an additional thirty minutes allocated for reading. This examination will involve the analysis of a case study based on a hypothetical institution located in Zanzibar, which will be presented in the TL304 Module Examination.

3.9 Pass Mark and Progression Rules

3.9.1 The Institute shall determine the minimum pass mark for its examinations. The current pass mark for the CTT examinations is 40% and all exams will be set in invigilated exam conditions.

- 3.9.2 A candidate may sit for a minimum of one and a maximum of five papers at any one sitting.
- 3.9.3 A candidate must complete level I of the syllabus before proceeding to Level II or level III.
- 3.9.4 An exception to Rule 3.9.3 is where a candidate has two subjects at Level I. In such a case, the candidate may sit for those subjects with some other subjects at Level II.
- 3.9.5 No candidate will be allowed to move on level III without fully completing level I . Rule 3.9.4 will not be applicable at level III.

3.10 Examination Results and Awards

- 3.10.1 The examination results shall be released within two months after the examination diet.
- 3.10.2 The students shall be informed of their examination results through the Institute portal.
- 3.10.3 The students may apply for an appeal to the Institute against any decisions regarding the results of examinations as prescribed in the examination rules.
- 3.10.4 The result letters to each student shall show the performance in each paper by using the following codes:

А	=	Merit	=	80 - 100%
В	=	Credit	=	60 – 79%
С	=	Pass	=	40 – 59%
F	=	Fail	=	0 – 39%
Х	=	Did not atte	mpt (Al	osent)
E	=	Exempted		
Q	=	Disqualified		

- 3.10.5 Every student shall receive a Statement of Results after the completion of each level.
- 3.10.6 The students shall be required to
 - (a) Attend workshops on ethics, soft skills and emerging issues organized by ZIAAT and earn IPD hours; and
 - (b) Obtain 6 months of practical experience, or alternatively attend workshops on work-based simulation organized by ZIAAT.

3.10.7 The student who successfully completes the required modules of Technician levels will be awarded a Certificate of Certified Tax Technician.

3.11 Fee Rules and Procedures

- 3.11.1 An applicant wishing to register and sit for the examinations shall be required to pay appropriate fees as determined by the Institute.
- 3.11.2 The fees shall be in the form of studentship registration, student's annual renewal, exemption and examination.
- 3.11.3 The studentship registration fee shall be paid in the process of completing the application for studentship registration before submitting the online application and the student annual renewal fee shall be paid as indicated under this curriculum.
- 3.11.4 The exemption fee shall be payable by those applicants who by virtue of their prior learning, seek exemptions on parts of the Institute's examinations. This fee shall be submitted along with the application for studentship registration or once the amount payable has been determined.
- 3.11.5 The examination fee shall be payable in the process of completing the online application before clicking the submission button of the online form.

4. MODULE SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 Technician Level I

4.1.1 TL101 Tax Administration

Module Title	TL101 Tax Administration	
Level	Technician Level I	
Contact Hours	310	
Module	The Tax Administration module deals with the	
Description and	basic tax administration functions and processes	
Aim	within the context of tax administration laws. The	
	aim of the module is to facilitate basic knowledge	
	and skills necessary for effective and efficient tax	
	administration and compliance activities	
Learning	On completion of this module, candidates will reach	
Outcomes	a competence level sufficient to:	
	101.1 Analyze the key terms and concepts in taxation (Tax, Tax rate, Tax base)	
	101.2 Describe the role of TRA, ZRA and Local Government Authorities (LGAs) in Tanzania's tax administration	
	101.3 Describe the tax administration laws applicable for the URT, Zanzibar (Central Government) and LGAs	
	101.4 Describe the tax compliance obligations of taxpayers	
	101.5 Describe the tax administration functions according to tax laws (from service provision to enforcement of payment)	
	101.6 Describe the enforcement methods for tax debts in accordance with tax laws	
	101.7 Apply customer care skills in handling customers	
Learning Outcome 101.1	Analyze the key terms and concepts in taxation (Tax, Tax rate, Tax base)	
Learning Tasks:		
\succ Define tax		
 Define tax Define tax rate 	and tax base	
	tween direct and indirect tax	
	idance, tax eversion, consequences and causes of	
_	nd eversion and ways to minimize tax avoidance and	
tax eversions		

Describe concept of tax planning

Learning	Describe the role of TRA, ZRA and Local	10%
Outcome 101.2	Government Authorities (LGAs) in	
	Tanzania's tax administration	
Learning Tasks:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
D u 1. u 1. u 1.		
-	e of TRA in tax administration	
-	e of ZRA in tax administration	
Explain the role	e of LGAs in tax administration	
Learning	Describe the tax administration laws	10 %
Outcome 101.3	applicable for the URT, Zanzibar	
	(central government) and LGAs	
Learning Tasks:		
	ax administration laws applicable for the Ul	RT (Tax
	Act and specific tax laws)	
	tax administration laws applicable for Zanzil	
Tax Administra	tion and Procedures Act [TAPA] and specific ta	ax laws)
> Describe the t	ax administration laws applicable for the LG	Aa (the
Public Finance	Act and specific laws)	
Learning	Describe the tay compliance obligations	29%
Outcome 101. 4	Describe the tax compliance obligations of taxpayers as specified in tax laws	49/0
Learning Tasks:	of taxpayers as specified in tax laws	
	unover registration and deregistration of	o tor
	expayer registration and deregistration as	a tax
-	obligation specified in tax laws	
	e reasons and tools for tax payer registration	
	e general conditions for registration of taxpaye	
	e conditions for registration of taxpayers for VA	41
	urn filing as a tax compliance obligation	1 .
	claration as a tax compliance obligation spec	cified in
tax laws		
-	role of electronic fiscal devices (EFD) in declar	
1	role of virtual fiscal devices (EFD) in declaration	
	x payment as a compliance obligation specifie	d in tax
laws		1.00/
Learning	Describe the tax administration	13%
Outcome 101.5	functions according to tax laws (from	
	service provision to enforcement of	
	payment)	
Learning Tasks:		
	axpayer services and education as tax	
administrati	ion functions	
> Describe ta	ax assessment as a tax administration	
specified in	tax laws	
-	audit as a tax administration function	

function		
Learning Outcome 101.6	Describe the enforcement methods for collections of debts in accordance with tax laws	10%
Learning Tasks:	· · · · · ·	
> Identify the e	nforcement methods for tax debts	
	preements made directly by the tax administrating holds of collections of debts involving third parts	
Learning	Apply customer care skills in handling	13%
Outcome	customers	
101.7		
Learning Tasks		
\succ Define the term	rm customer	
Distinguish b	etween internal and external customers	
Describe type	es of difficult customers	
 Explain the to customers 	echniques and skills of dealing with difficult	

> Apply the techniques and skills in dealing with difficult customers

Suggested Methods of Delivery Recommended	 Presentations and practical demonstrations by trainer. Guided learner activities and research to develop underpinning knowledge ZIAAT, (2025). Tax Administration Text. ZIAAT.
Learning Materials	Zanzibar, Tanzania.
Sample of	1. Shirley, D. & Karen A. F. (2006). Taxation for
Reading and	Decision Markers. New York, NY: Pearson.
Reference	Prentice Hall.
Materials	 Gerald, W. & Altus-Buller, M. (2010). Income Tax Fundamentals. New York, NY: South. Western Centage Learning. Anthony, F. & Gerald M, (2010). Tax Handbook. Pearson Education. London. Peter, M. (2005). London, England: Taxation and Self-Assessment. Thomson. United Republic of Tanzania, (2004). Tanzania Tax Law Reports Vol. I. Dar es Salaam, Tanzania: Mkuki na Nyota.
	6. United Republic of Tanzania (2004)-Revised

	Edition 2023. Income Tax Act. Dar es Salaam,
	Tanzania: Government printers.
,	7. Nightingle, K. (2002). Taxation. Harlow,
	Essex: Pearson Education- FT Prentice Hall.
8	8. United Republic of Tanzania, (2004).
	Tanzania Tax Law Reports Vol. II. Dar es
	Salaam, Tanzania: Mkuki na Nyota.

4.1.2 TL 102 Basics of Financial Accounting

Module Title	TL 102 Basics of Financial Accounting		
Level	Technician Level I		
Contact Hours	340		
Module Description and Aim	The module seeks to provide learners with the principles and concepts of financial accounting, technical competency in single entry and double-entry bookkeeping, and preparation of financial statements for various types of reporting entities.		
Learning Outcomes	 reporting entities. On completion of this module, candidates will reach a competence level sufficient to: 102.1Analyze the basic terms and concepts of book-keeping and accounting. 102.2Record transactions in the books of account using single and double entry book-keeping. 102.3Prepare trial balance in determining the accuracy of financial transaction records. 102.4Examine basic qualitative characteristics of financial information. 102.5Analyze basic statement of financial position for Tax purposes. 102.6Prepare basic statement of profit or loss 		
Learning Outcome 102.1	Analyzethebasictermsand20%conceptsofbook-keepingand		
	accounting.		
Learning Tasks:			

Define book-keep	ing	
\succ Define accounting	•	
 Differentiate between book-keeping and accounting 		
	n business transactions,	
	veen assets and liabilities	
\succ Explain the purp		
Learning Outcome	Record transactions in the books of	14%
102.2	account using single and double	/ .
	entry bookkeeping.	
Learning Tasks:		
Define double ent	try system	
\succ Define single entr	ry system	
Identify books of		
 Extract ledgers ad 		
	nsactions in the books of accounts in singl	e and
double entry syst		
Learning Outcome	Prepare a trial balance in	13 %
102. 3	determining the accuracy of	
	financial transaction records.	
Learning Tasks:		
Define trial balan	ce	
Explain the purper	oses of trial balance	
 Extract trial balance 		
Post ledger accou	nts in the trial balance	
	Energine heate multidations	12%
Learning Outcome	Examine basic qualitative	
•	characteristics of financial	14/0
•	1	14/0
102.4	characteristics of financial	12/0
102.4	characteristics of financial	12 /0
102.4 Learning Tasks:	characteristics of financial	1270
Learning Outcome 102.4 Learning Tasks: Describe the qual statements	characteristics of financial information.	12 /0
 102.4 Learning Tasks: Describe the qual statements 	characteristics of financial information.	1270
 102.4 Learning Tasks: Describe the qual statements 	characteristics of financial information.	12 /0
 102.4 Learning Tasks: Describe the qual statements Explain the purport financial statements 	characteristics of financial information.	12 /0
 102.4 Learning Tasks: Describe the qual statements Explain the purport financial statements Distinguish between the purport of the purport of	characteristics of financial information.	12 /0
 102.4 Learning Tasks: Describe the qual statements Explain the purport financial statements Distinguish between the purport of the purport of	characteristics of financial information. litative characteristics of financial ose of qualitative characteristics of nts een fundamental qualitative	12 /0
 102.4 Learning Tasks: Describe the qual statements Explain the purport financial statements Distinguish betwee characteristics are 	characteristics of financial information. litative characteristics of financial ose of qualitative characteristics of nts een fundamental qualitative	23%
 102.4 Learning Tasks: Describe the qual statements Explain the purport financial statements Distinguish betwee characteristics ar Learning Outcome 	characteristics of financial information. litative characteristics of financial ose of qualitative characteristics of nts een fundamental qualitative nd enhancing qualitative characteristics	
 102.4 Learning Tasks: Describe the qual statements Explain the purpor financial statements Distinguish betwee characteristics are Learning Outcome 102.5 	characteristics of financial information.	
 102.4 Learning Tasks: Describe the qual statements Explain the purport financial statements Distinguish between characteristics are Learning Outcome 102.5 Learning Tasks: 	characteristics of financial information.	
 102.4 Learning Tasks: Describe the qual statements Explain the purpor financial statement Distinguish betwee characteristics are Learning Outcome 102.5 Learning Tasks: Define the statement 	characteristics of financial information.	

- > Posting financial data in the statement of financial position
- Prepare the statement of financial position for incomplete records
- Examine the relationship between statement of financial position and tax computation

Learning Outcome 102.6	Prepare a basic statement of profit or loss for Income Tax purposes.	17%
Learning Tasks:		

- > Define the statement of profit or loss
- Explain the purposes of statement of profit or loss
- Extract the statement of profit or loss
- Posting financial data in the statement of profit or loss
- > Prepare the statement of profit or loss for incomplete records

Suggested Methods of Delivery Recommended	 Presentations and practical demonstrations by trainer. Guided learner activities and research to develop underpinning knowledge. Supervised activities in class, Group discussions and Homework ZIAAT, (2025). Basics of Financial Accounting
Learning Materials	Text. ZIAAT. Zanzibar, Tanzania.
Sample of Reading and Reference Materials	 Dyson, J.R. (2010), Accounting for non- accounting students (8th Ed). Pearson Education Ltd, Edinburgh
	 Wood, F. and A. Sangster (2012), Business Accounting 1 (12th Ed.), Pearson Education Ltd, Edinburgh
	 Wood, Frank, Alan Sangster, (2012), Business Accounting 2 (12th Ed.) Pearson Education Ltd: Edinburgh

4.1.3 TL103 Basic Mathematics and Statistics

Module Title	TL 103 Basic Mathematics and Statistics		
Level	Technician Level I		
Contact Hours	260		
Module Description and Aim	Build basic skills in the collection, processing, presentation and interpretation of simple numerical and statistical data and apply them in accounting and business situations.		
Learning Outcomes	On completion of this module, candidates will reach a competence level sufficient to: 103.1 Analyze fundamental mathematical techniques in tax computation		
	 103.2 Use statistical methods for analyzing tax data 103.3 Apply mathematical models in analyzing and interpreting tax-related data 		
Learning Outcome 103.1	Analyze fundamental mathematical techniques in tax computation	55%	
Learning Tasks:			
 mathematical and Solve total revenue Define taxable inco Distinguish taxable Extract taxable inco Perform percentag Calculate deprecianes balance method Identify allowable of Explain tax bracket Apply progressive 	cepts and techniques used to solve statistical problems e, total cost and profit equations using ome and gross income e income from gross income come using mathematical techniques e calculation for determining tax rate tion using straight line method and r deduction and exemption in tax deter ets tax rates in different portion of taxabl ity based on taxable income and appl	educing mination e income.	

Learning Outcome	Use statistical methods for	23%
103.2	analyzing tax data	
Learning Tasks:		
Describe basic sta	tistical concepts used in data analysis	5
Explain types and	sources of data	
Identify data colle	ctions techniques and methods	
Apply sampling te	chniques in tax data collection	
> Apply descriptive	statistics, tables, frequency distributio	ns,
pictograms (pie ch	arts, bar charts) in analyzing tax data	
Learning Outcome	Apply mathematical models in	23%
103.3	analyzing and interpreting tax-	
	related data	
Learning Tasks:		
Explain the concernation analysis] pt of co-relation and regression	
5	ypes of regression models	
	nodels to analyze tax data trends	
	e and revenue behavior using	
mathematical mod	8	
	ormats of interpreting and	
5	e statistical analysis results.	

Suggested Methods of Delivery	 Presentations and practical demonstrations by the trainer. Guided learner activities and research to develop underpinning knowledge. Supervised activities in class and Group discussions
Recommended Learning Materials	 ZIAAT, (2025). Business Mathematics and Statistics Text. ZIAAT. Zanzibar, Tanzania.
Sample of Reading and Reference Materials	 Francis. A and Mousley. B (2014). Business Mathematics and Statistics (7th Edition). Cengage Learning EMEA. Agarwal, B. M. (2010). Business Mathematics & Statistics. Ane Books: India.
4.1.4 TL 104 Basic Communication and ICT Skills

Module Title	TL 104 Basic Communication and ICT Skills
Level	Technician Level I
Contact Hours	400
Module Description and Aim	Provide the leaners with the basic English language and ICT skills and be able to use them for communication and digitalization of business processes.
Learning Outcomes	On completion of this module, candidates will reach a competence level sufficient to:
	 104.1 Apply the concepts and techniques of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) in business operations. 104.2 Use computer applications to access and transmit information 104.3 Apply basic ICT concepts in tax administration 104.4 Use ICT software to compute tax liabilities 104.5 Apply ICT tools and techniques in enhancing tax compliance 104.6 Apply communication concepts and techniques in facilitating and processing communication 104.7 Analyze communication techniques in writing business reports and other visual communications
Learning Outcome 104.1	Applytheconceptsand12%techniquesofInformationandCommunicationTechnology(ICT)in business operations
Learning Tasks:	
 Define ICT and its importance Create File and folder management (Opening files or programs, saving your work, closing a program, Help features, etc) Use computer connections and the internet Apply common office software packages (MS word, Ms Excel and Ms PowerPoint) Learning Outcome Use computer applications to access and transmit information 	
104.2	

 Explain the pr Demonstrate 	rocess of uploading and downloading files rocess of accessing information using Inter the process to open a document from the I	met
	rch engine and directories to locate resourc	
104.3	Apply basic ICT concepts in tax administration	11%
Learning Tasks:		
 Utilize softwar Describe the f administration Explain the pr 	oncepts in relation to Tax administration re applications to manage tax related data functionalities of E – government services in ns rocess of organizing and managing taxpaye ecurely using ICT tools	n tax
Learning Outcome 104.4	Use ICT software to compute tax liabilities	7%
Learning Tasks:		
administration → Identify data e taxpayer infor	res and functionalities of tax n software used to compute tax liabilities entry methods for management of mation accuracy functionalities of e-filling system in tax n	
-	Apply ICT tools and techniques in enhancing tax compliance	10%
Learning Tasks:		
 compliance Describe the role and compliance procession Apply ICT tools a system, e-tax cle number, excel) i 	concepts and tools used in tax e of ICT in modern tax administration cess and systems (e- filing, e- payment earance certificate, e-tax identification n facilitating tax compliance l challenges and limitations in ICT uses	
in tax compliand	-	

104.6	and techniques in facilitating and processing communication
Learning Tasks:	
 Describe key to decoding, reco Describe the is process, comm different scena Explain different listening etc) Define intercu Explain the im workplace Explain interco with a multicu Describe the is 	ent methods of communication (verbal, nonverbal, ltural communication aportance of intercultural communication in the ultural problems faced in the large organizations altural workforce mportance of appropriate language policy for an
organization w	vishing to promote effective organization
Learning Outcome 104.7	Analyzecommunication28%techniques in writing businessreportsandothercommunications
Learning Tasks:	
 Explain forms o Explain the diffe Describe the important Apply community messages and p Describe the stress of the stress of the stress of the stress report business report 	and types of communication f written communication erent types of rotten request portance of goodwill messages cation techniques to deliver bad news ersuasive messages ucture of business report ween informational and analytical tween defining the problem and purpose statement for an analytical
developing the preportExplain five dest	ign principles to keep in mind when
developing the p report	ign principles to keep in mind when

Suggesteu	1. Tresentations and practical demonstrations
Methods of	by trainer.
Delivery	2. Guided learner activities and research to
•	develop underpinning knowledge.

Recommended Learning Materials	 ZIAAT, (2025). Basic Communication and ICT Skills Text. ZIAAT. Zanzibar, Tanzania.
Sample of Reading and Reference Materials	 Qintanilla, K. M and Wahl, S. T. (2019). Business and Professional Communication: KEYS for Workplace Excellence (4th Edition). SAGE Publications: USA. Williams, J. W. (2021). Communication Skills Training. Independently Published: USA. C, M. Aslam, et.al. (2015). Introduction to Computer: Basic ICT Skills (2nd Ed). Majeed Book Depot: India

104.8 Technician level II

4.2.1 TL201 Introduction to Income Tax

Module Title	TL 201 Introduction to Income Tax
Level	Technician level II
Contact Hours	200
Module Description and Aim	Provide the learner with basic knowledge of various concepts and their application relating to income tax laws with a view to integrating the relevance of these laws with tax planning and decisions.
Learning Outcomes	 On completion of this module, candidates will reach a competence level sufficient to: 201.1 Describe the basic terms and concepts in income tax law 201.2 Identify the basic legal provisions in determination of income tax payable 201.3 Prepare income tax computations according to income tax law 201.4 Apply withholding tax payment rules to facilitate compliance 201.5 Prepare basic tax returns for income tax
Learning Outcome 201.1	Describe the basic terms and concepts in income tax law17%

Learning Tasks:		
 Define income tax. Define chargeable in Define year of incon Explain meaning of 	ne tax Resident	
Describe income tax		20%
Learning Outcome 201.2	Identify the basic legal provisions in determination	20%
401.4	of income tax payable	
	of medine tax payable	
Learning Tasks:		
Identify legal provis	∟ ions on inclusions	
 Identify legal provisi 		
 Identify legal provis 	,	
5 8 1	ions on deductions, from employme	nt, business
income and investm		
Learning Outcome	Prepare income tax computat	ions 22%
201.3	according to income tax law	
Learning Tasks:		
 Compute employme Compute business i 		
 Compute busiliess in Compute investment 		
	t meome	
-	Apply withholding to power	n ant 170/
-	Apply withholding tax pays rules to facilitate compliance	nent 17%
Learning Outcome		nent 17%
Learning Outcome 201.4 Learning Tasks:	rules to facilitate compliance	nent 17%
Learning Outcome 201.4 Learning Tasks: > Describe differen		
Learning Outcome 201.4 Learning Tasks: > Describe differen > Identify the legal	rules to facilitate compliance	
Learning Outcome 201.4 Learning Tasks: Describe different Identify the legal Prepare withhold	rules to facilitate compliance	ζ
Learning Outcome 201.4 Learning Tasks: Describe different Identify the legal Prepare withhold	rules to facilitate compliance It types of withholding taxes provisions for each withholding tax ling tax computations	ζ
Learning Outcome 201.4 Learning Tasks: Describe differen Identify the legal Prepare withhold Learning Outcome 201.5	rules to facilitate compliance It types of withholding taxes provisions for each withholding tax ling tax computations Prepare basic tax returns	ζ
Learning Outcome 201.4 Learning Tasks: Describe differen Identify the legal Prepare withhold Learning Outcome 201.5	rules to facilitate compliance It types of withholding taxes provisions for each withholding tax ling tax computations Prepare basic tax returns	ζ
Learning Outcome 201.4 Learning Tasks: Describe different Identify the legal Prepare withhold Learning Outcome 201.5 Learning Tasks:	rules to facilitate compliance It types of withholding taxes provisions for each withholding tax ling tax computations Prepare basic tax returns	ζ
Learning Outcome 201.4 Learning Tasks: Describe different Identify the legal Prepare withhold Learning Outcome 201.5 Learning Tasks: Define returns at	rules to facilitate compliance It types of withholding taxes provisions for each withholding tax ling tax computations Prepare basic income tax	ζ
Learning Outcome 201.4 Learning Tasks: Describe different Identify the legal Prepare withhold Learning Outcome 201.5 Learning Tasks: Define returns as Describe content	rules to facilitate compliance it types of withholding taxes provisions for each withholding tax ling tax computations Prepare basic tax returns income tax nd types of return in income tax	for 24%
Learning Outcome 201.4 Learning Tasks: Describe different Identify the legal Prepare withhold Learning Outcome 201.5 Learning Tasks: Define returns at Describe content Explain due date	rules to facilitate compliance it types of withholding taxes provisions for each withholding tax ling tax computations Prepare basic tax returns income tax and types of return in income tax is of the income tax return	for 24%
Learning Outcome 201.4 Learning Tasks: Describe different Identify the legal Prepare withhold Learning Outcome 201.5 Learning Tasks: Define returns at Describe content Explain due date Describe legal pr Explain the requ	rules to facilitate compliance Int types of withholding taxes provisions for each withholding tax ling tax computations Prepare basic tax returns income tax Ind types of return in income tax is of the income tax return e for submission of income tax return	for 24 %

 Suggested
 1. Presentations and practical demonstrations

Methods of	by trainer.
Delivery	2. Guided learner activities and research to
	develop underpinning knowledge.
	3. Supervised activities in class and Group
	discussions
Recommended	1. ZIAAT, (2025). Introduction to Income Tax
Learning	Text. ZIAAT. Zanzibar, Tanzania.
Materials	Text. Zhutti. Zalizibat, Talizailia.
	1 Shipton D & Kanan A E (2006) Truntion for
Sample of	1. Shirley, D. & Karen A. F. (2006). Taxation for
Reading and	Decision Markers. New York, NY: Pearson.
Reference	Prentice Hall.
Materials	2. Gerald, W. & Altus-Buller, M. (2010). Income
	Tax Fundamentals. New York, NY: South.
	Western Centage Learning.
	3. Anthony, F. & Gerald M, (2010). Tax
	Handbook. Pearson Education. London.
	4. Peter, M. (2005). London, England: Taxation
	and Self-Assessment. Thomson.
	5. United Republic of Tanzania, (2004).
	Tanzania Tax Law Reports Vol. I. Dar es
	Salaam, Tanzania: Mkuki na Nyota.
	6. United Republic of Tanzania (2004)-Revised
	Edition 2023. Income Tax Act. Dar es Salaam,
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Tanzania: Government printers.
	7. Nightingle, K. (2002). <i>Taxation</i> . Harlow,
	Essex: Pearson Education- FT Prentice Hall.
	8. United Republic of Tanzania, (2004).
	Tanzania Tax Law Reports Vol. II. Dar es
	Salaam, Tanzania: Mkuki na Nyota.

4.2.2 TL202 Introduction to Indirect Tax

Module Title	TL202 Introduction to Indirect Tax	
Level	Technician Level II	
Contact Hours	440	
Module Description and Aim	Equip the learner with basic knowledge skills to advise on indirect tax structure various transactions relating to it.	
Learning Outcomes	 On completion of this module, candidate reach a competence level sufficient to: 202.1 Describe the basic terms and con VAT 202.2 Apply the basic legal provisions in determination of VAT 202.3 Prepare VAT computations accord VAT law 202.4 Compute excise duty according to (Management and Tariff) Act 202.5 Determine stamp duty payable act to Stamp Duty Act 202.6 Compute hotel levy payable on th of hotel levy Act 202.7 Compute Property Tax payable act to applicable tax laws 202.8 Prepare basic tax returns for VAT 202.9 Prepare basic tax returns for exci 202.10 Prepare basic tax returns for exci 	cepts in n ling to o Excise cording e basis cording se duty
	indirect taxes (stamp duty and ho	
Learning Outcome 202.1	Describe the basic terms and concepts in VAT	5%
Learning Tasks: Define VAT Define taxable supplies Describe taxable persons 		
Learning Outcome 202.2	Apply the basic legal provisions in determination of VAT	8%
Learning Tasks:		
 Identify taxable per 	pplies in accordance with VAT law ersons in accordance with VAT law nt in imposition of VAT	

> Determine tax point in imposition of VAT

Learning Outcome 202.3	Prepare VAT computations according to VAT law	14%
Learning Tasks:		
 Compute output t Compute input ta Determine allowal Compute net VAT 	x	
Learning Outcome	Compute excise duty according to	8 %
202.4	Excise (Management and Tariff) Act	
Learning Tasks:		
	e of excise duty governing excise duty uty according to the applicable law	
Learning Outcome 202.5	Determine stamp duty payable according to Stamp Duty Act	8%
Learning Tasks:		
	J e of stamp duty governing stamp duty uty according to the applicable law	
Learning Outcome 202.6	Compute hotel levy payable on the basis of hotel levy Act	11%
Learning Tasks:		
 Explain the natur Describe the law g 	evenues sources under hotel levy Act e of hotel levy	
Learning Outcome 202.7	Compute Property Tax payable according to applicable tax laws	9 %
Learning Tasks:		
Define property un	nder Property Tax Act	
 Explain the natur 	1 1 0	
	governing property taxation	
	tax payable according to applicable tax la	
Learning Outcome 202.8	Prepare basic tax returns for VAT	11%
Learning Tasks:		

- > Define returns and types of return in VAT
- > Describe contents of the VAT return
- > Explain due date for submission of VAT return
- Describe legal provisions of VAT return
 Apply the legal provisions to prepare basic VAT returns

Learning Outcome 202.9	Prepare basic tax returns for excise duty	11%
Learning Tasks:		
Define returns an	d types of return in excise duty	
Describe contents	of the excise duty return	
Explain due date :	for submission of excise duty return	
Describe legal pro	visions of excise duty return	
> Apply legal provis	ions to prepare excise duty returns	
Learning Outcome	Prepare basic tax returns for other	15%
202.10	indirect taxes (stamp duty and	
	hotel levy)	
Learning Tasks:		
Define returns an	d types of return in other indirect taxes	
	of other indirect taxes return	
Explain due date :	for submission of other indirect taxes retu	rn
-	visions of other indirect tax return	
01	ovisions to prepare tax returns for other ir	ndirect
taxes	1 1	
> Apply Fleatronia 7	Tax Stamp (ETS) requirements in facilitatin	ıg

Suggested Methods of Delivery	 Presentations and practical demonstrations by trainer. Guided learner activities and research to develop underpinning knowledge. Supervised activities in class and Group discussions
Recommended Learning Materials	1. ZIAAT, (2025). Introduction to Indirect Tax Text. ZIAAT. Zanzibar, Tanzania.
Sample of Reading and Reference Materials	 Shirley, D. & Karen A. F. (2006). Taxation for Decision Markers. New York, NY: Pearson. Prentice Hall. Gerald, W. & Altus-Buller, M. (2010). Income Tax Fundamentals. New York, NY: South. Western Centage Learning. Anthony, F. & Gerald M, (2010). Tax Handbook. Pearson Education. London.

4. Peter, M. (2005). London, England: Taxation
and Self-Assessment. Thomson.
5. United Republic of Tanzania, (2004).
Tanzania Tax Law Reports Vol. I. Dar es
Salaam, Tanzania: Mkuki na Nyota.
6. United Republic of Tanzania (2004)-Revised
Edition 2023. Income Tax Act. Dar es
Salaam, Tanzania: Government printers.
7. Nightingle, K. (2002). Taxation. Harlow,
Essex: Pearson Education- FT Prentice Hall.
8. United Republic of Tanzania, (2004).
Tanzania Tax Law Reports Vol. II. Dar es
Salaam, Tanzania: Mkuki na Nyota.

4.2.3 TL 203 Business Management and Company Laws

Module Title	TL203 Business Management and Company Laws		
Level	Technician level I		
Contact Hours	310		
Module Description and Aim	Provide learners with knowledge and understanding of business organizations and functions, information systems in business organizations, modern management, leadership, corporate governance, professional ethics, and corporate social responsibility. It will also provide learners with an understanding of the key concepts and fundamental principles of law in the context of business and commercial activities.		
Learning Outcomes	 On completion of this module, candidates will reach a competence level sufficient to: 203.1 Explain the general principles of law 203.2 Analyze agency relationships in business situations 203.3 Describe legal provisions relative to business formations in tax issues. 203.4 Analyze the major aspects of business law in relation to taxation. 203.5 Explain different forms of business organization 203.6 Describe basic concepts in Company laws 		
Learning Outcome 203.1	Explain the general principles of law	10%	
Learning Tasks:		<u> </u>	
 Explain sources of Identify structure, Tanzania 	ature and classification of laws in Tanzani f law in Tanzania composition and jurisdiction of the legal ness concepts that are applied in tax adm	system in	
Learning Outcome 203.2	Analyze agency relationships in business situations	19 %	

Г

Learning Tasks:		
 Explain rights and Apply agency prince Explain termination 	e and purpose of agency duties of an agency ciple to business scenario on of agency relationship es and obligations of an agency	
Learning Outcome	Describe legal provisions relative to	10%
203.3	business formations in tax issues.	
Learning Tasks:		
Describe the tax in	forms of business entity nplications of business formation l requirements for business registration	
Learning Outcome	Analyze the major aspects of	11%
203.4	business law in relation to taxation.	
 Learning Tasks: Define business la Describe the major 	w r aspects of business law	
 Differentiate betwee implications 	een business structures and their tax	
Learning Outcome 203.5	Explain different forms of business operation	34%
Learning Tasks:		
 Explain the advant Describe the regult proprietorship Define the term "sate Explain the procession of the proce	and demerits of partnership ompany	of the sole " OS
Learning Outcome 203.6	Describe basic concepts in Company laws	16 %
Learning Tasks:		

- > Define a company
- > Describe company shares
- Define a shareholder
- Describe the difference between shareholders and directors of a company
- Identify different types of companies and their characteristics
- > Explain share capital and ownership concept

Suggested	1. Presentations and practical demonstrations by
Methods of	trainer.
Delivery	2. Guided learner activities and research to develop
-	underpinning knowledge
Recommended	1. ZIAAT, (2025). Business Management and
Learning	Company Laws Text. ZIAAT. Zanzibar, Tanzania.
Materials	
Sample of	1. Abort K.R and Pendlebury, N. (2013) Business Law
Reading and	(9 th Ed). Cengage Learning.
Reference	
Materials	2. Hicks, A & Goo, S.H. (2008). Cases and Materials on
	Company Law: 6th Ed. Oxford University Press:
	USA.
	3. United Republic of Tanzania. (2002). The Company
	Act, No. 12.
	4. Revolutionary Government of Zanzibar. (2013).
	TheThe Companies and Associations Act, No. 15.

4.2.4 TL 204 Principles of Economics

Module Title	TL 204 Principles of Economics
Level	Technician Level I
Contact Hours	220
Module Description and Aim	Equip the candidates with knowledge, skills and attitude to identify the influence and interaction of economic principles in taxation matters.

	On completion of this module, candidate reach a competence level sufficient to:	tes will
	 204.1 Describe the basic economic terr concepts in relation to taxation 204.2 Explain the basic theories in eco 204.3 Apply the concept of tax elasticity determining revenue collection a taxpayer behaviours 204.4 Apply macroeconomic concepts 	onomics ty in and
	conditions in tax determination.	
Learning Outcome 204.1	Describe the basic economic terms and concepts in relation to taxation	25%
Learning Tasks:		
 Explain different luxurious goods, 	types of goods (Normal goods, inferior go Giffen goods)	ods,
> Identify different> Identify different	types of market structure and its charac	
 Identify different Identify different Explain the impli Learning Outcome 204.2	types of market structure and its charactypes of taxes cations of taxation in economic behaviors Explain the basic theories in	s.
 Identify different Identify different Explain the impli Learning Outcome 204.2 Learning Tasks: Explain principle supply and price Describe the proc Describe cost the Explain the appli 	types of market structure and its charactypes of taxes cations of taxation in economic behaviors Explain the basic theories in economics of price theory (concept of demand, concepted and the ory	s. 18%
 Identify different Identify different Explain the impli Learning Outcome 204.2 Learning Tasks: Explain principle supply and price Describe the proc Describe cost the Explain the appli 	types of market structure and its character types of taxes cations of taxation in economic behaviors Explain the basic theories in economics of price theory (concept of demand, concepted and the theory duction theory ory cation of different market structures in	s. 18%

- > Define the term "elasticity."
- Define the term "tax elasticity."
- Identify the reasons for elasticity
- > Explain different types and forms of elasticity
- > Solve basic numerical problems on tax elasticity.

Learning Outcome	Apply	macroeconomic	COI	icepts	36%
204.4	and	conditions	in	tax	
	determ	nination			

Learning Tasks:

- Explain basic macroeconomic concepts (National income, unemployment, inflation, international trade, balance of payment, terms of trade, exchange rate, interest rate, and money supply)
- Explain the relationship between taxation and employment of factors of production
- > Explain the relationship between taxation and inflation
- Explain the relationship between taxation and balance of payment
- Compute inflation rate, unemployment rate and balance of payment
- Describe methods used to measure national income (income approach, expenditure approach and Value-added approach)
- Compute national income using relevant methods

Suggested Methods of Delivery	 Presentations and practical demonstrations by trainer. Guided learner activities and research to develop underpinning knowledge
Recommended Learning Materials	 ZIAAT, (2025). Principles of Economics Text. ZIAAT. Zanzibar, Tanzania.
Sample of Reading and Reference Materials	 Franck, R. H. and Ben, S. B. (2003), Principles of Economics. (2nd ed). Mcgraw Hill / Irwin: Toronto.
	 Mankiw, N.G and Mark P. T. (2011), Economics. (2nd ed). Cengage Learning EMEA: London.
	 Rodger, A. A. (2018), Economics. (13th ed).Cengage Learning.

4. Edwin. M and Gary, W. Y, (2003).
Microeconomics: Theory and Applications.
(11 th ed). W.W. Norton & Company. London

4.3 Technician Level III4.3.1 TL301 Introduction to Customs Management

Module Title	TL 301 Introduction to Customs Management		
Level	Technician Level III		
Contact Hours	390		
Module Description and Aim	Provide the leaner with basic knowledge, skills and expertise in handling customs related operations that have a great impact to the public revenue of the country.		
Learning Outcomes	On completion of this module, candidates will reach a competence level sufficient to:		
	 301.1 Describe basic concepts in customs management and the applicable laws 301.2 Apply customs clearance procedures for importation 301.3 Apply customs clearance procedures for exportation 301.4 Apply customs procedures in performing carriage coastwise clearance 301.5 Analyze customs procedures in performing transfer clearance 301.6 Perform verification of customs documents 301.7 Describe procedures and controls in the loading and unloading of goods 301.8 Compute customs duties (imports, excise and VAT) in accordance with customs law 		
Learning Outcome 301.1	Describe basic concepts in customs9%management and the applicable laws		
	terms (customs, customs management, importation,		
	, customs warehouse, transit, transshipment, etc)		

Describe the sources of customs laws

1	ohibited goods	
Describe re	stricted goods	
Learning	Apply customs clearance procedures for	10%
Outcome 301.2	importation	
Learning		
Tasks:		
 Define diffe 	rent types of importation under customs laws	8
Describe th	e legal procedures for each type of importation	n
Apply each	of the legal procedures in clearance of import	ts
Explain cus	stoms procedures codes and its formation	
Learning	Apply customs clearance procedures for	14%
Outcome 301.3	exportation	
	-	
Learning		
Tasks:		
Explain the	concept of export in customs	
Identify typ		
0 01	legal provisions on clearance for exports	
•	e legal provisions on exports	
	ance principles and procedures on exports	
Learning	Apply customs procedures in	18%
Outcome 301.4		10 /0
Outcome JOI.+		
Learning	Explain carriage coastwise	
Tasks:	Define coasting vessels	
	Describe the nature and use of the trans	ire form
	> Explain customs procedures for	carriage
	coastwise	
	> Describe commissioners' power with re	egards to
	carriage coastwise	
	> Describe power of public officer in ca	rriage of
	goods coastwise	
	> Apply customs principles and procedures of	
	carriage coastwise clearance	
Learning	Analyze customs procedures in	13%
Outcome 301.5	performing transfer clearance	
Learning	Explain the term transfer	
Tasks:	Differentiate transfer from carriage coast	wise
	Identify goods qualifying for transfer	
	> Explain customs procedures for	transfer
	r	
	clearance	
Learning		11%
Learning Outcome 301.6	clearance Perform verification of customs	11%

Learning Tasks:> Identify types of documents (commercial, transportation, customs, etc.) > Explain the role of each documents > Identify issuing authority for each document > Conduct verification using customs documentsLearning Outcome 301.7Describe procedures and controls in the loading and unloading of goods11%Learning Tasks:> Define sufferance wharf > Explain the loading and unloading procedures > Identify conditions attached for loading and unloading > Identify controls in place for loading and unloading > Identify controls for goods remain on boardLearning Outcome 301.8Compute customs duties (imports, excise and VAT) in accordance with customs law14%Learning Tasks:> Describe the customs duties and taxes applicable in customs > Compute customs value using various valuation methods > Determine the applicable tariff/tax rate(s) > Compute customs duties/taxes payable	Toomstroom	Identific towards (commencial
> Explain the role of each documents > Identify issuing authority for each document > Conduct verification using customs documents Learning Outcome 301.7 Describe procedures and controls in the loading and unloading of goods Learning Tasks: > Define sufferance wharf > Explain the loading and unloading procedures > Identify conditions attached for loading and unloading > Identify controls in place for loading and unloading > Identify controls for goods remain on board Learning Outcome 301.8 Compute customs duties (imports, excise and VAT) in accordance with customs law Learning Tasks: > Describe the customs duties and taxes applicable in customs > Compute customs value using various valuation methods > Determine the applicable tariff/tax rate(s) > Compute customs duties/taxes payable	•	
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> Conduct verification using customs documents Learning Outcome 301.7 Describe procedures and controls in the loading and unloading of goods 11% Learning Tasks: > Define sufferance wharf 11% > Explain the loading and unloading procedures > Identify conditions attached for loading and unloading > Identify controls in place for loading and unloading > Identify controls for goods remain on board Learning Outcome 301.8 Compute customs duties (imports, excise and VAT) in accordance with customs law 14% Learning Tasks: > Describe the customs duties and taxes applicable in customs > Compute customs value using various valuation methods > Determine the applicable tariff/tax rate(s) > Compute customs duties/taxes payable > Compute customs duties/taxes payable		Explain the role of each documents
Learning Outcome 301.7Describe procedures and controls in the loading and unloading of goods11%Learning Tasks:> Define sufferance wharf > Explain the loading and unloading procedures > Identify conditions attached for loading and unloading > Identify controls in place for loading and unloading > Identify controls for goods remain on boardLearning Outcome 301.8Compute customs duties (imports, excise and VAT) in accordance with customs law14%Learning Tasks:> Describe the customs duties and taxes applicable in customs > Compute customs value using various valuation methods > Determine the applicable tariff/tax rate(s) > Compute customs duties/taxes payable		Identify issuing authority for each document
Outcome 301.7the loading and unloading of goodsLearning Tasks:> Define sufferance wharf> Explain the loading and unloading procedures> Identify conditions attached for loading and unloading> Identify controls in place for loading and unloading> Identify controls for goods remain on boardLearning Outcome 301.8Learning Tasks:> Describe the customs duties (imports, excise and VAT) in accordance with customs lawLearning Tasks:> Describe the customs duties and taxes applicable in customs valuation methods > Determine the applicable tariff/tax rate(s) > Compute customs duties/taxes payable		Conduct verification using customs documents
Learning > Define sufferance wharf Tasks: > Explain the loading and unloading procedures > Identify conditions attached for loading and unloading > Identify controls in place for loading and unloading > Identify controls for goods remain on board Learning Compute customs duties (imports, excise and VAT) in accordance with customs law Learning > Describe the customs duties and taxes applicable in customs > Compute customs value using various valuation methods > Determine the applicable tariff/tax rate(s) > Compute customs duties/taxes payable	Learning	Describe procedures and controls in 11%
Tasks: > Explain the loading and unloading procedures > Identify conditions attached for loading and unloading > Identify controls in place for loading and unloading > Identify controls for goods remain on board Learning Outcome 301.8 Learning Describe the customs duties (imports, excise and VAT) in accordance with customs law Learning Describe the customs duties and taxes applicable in customs > Compute customs value using various valuation methods > Determine the applicable tariff/tax rate(s) > Compute customs duties/taxes payable	Outcome 301.7	the loading and unloading of goods
> Daphtin the rotating and unloading procedures > Identify conditions attached for loading and unloading > Identify controls in place for loading and unloading > Identify controls for goods remain on board Learning Outcome 301.8 Learning > Describe the customs duties (imports, excise and VAT) in accordance with customs law Learning > Describe the customs duties and taxes applicable in customs > Compute customs value using various valuation methods > Determine the applicable tariff/tax rate(s) > Compute customs duties/taxes payable	Learning	Define sufferance wharf
unloading > Identify controls in place for loading and unloading > Identify controls for goods remain on board Learning Compute customs duties (imports, excise and VAT) in accordance with customs law Learning > Describe the customs duties and taxes applicable in customs > Compute customs value using various valuation methods > Determine the applicable tariff/tax rate(s) > Compute customs duties/taxes payable	Tasks:	Explain the loading and unloading procedures
unloading> Identify controls for goods remain on boardLearning Outcome 301.8Compute customs duties (imports, excise and VAT) in accordance with customs law14%Learning Tasks:> Describe the customs duties and taxes applicable in customs> Oescribe the customs duties and taxes applicable in customs> Compute customs value using various valuation methods> Determine the applicable tariff/tax rate(s) > Compute customs duties/taxes payable		
Learning Outcome 301.8Compute customs duties (imports, excise and VAT) in accordance with customs law14%Learning Tasks:> Describe the customs duties and taxes applicable in customs> Compute customs value using various valuation methods> Determine the applicable tariff/tax rate(s) > Compute customs duties/taxes payable> Compute customs duties/taxes payable		
Outcome 301.8excise and VAT) in accordance with customs lawLearning Tasks:> Describe the customs duties and taxes applicable in customs> Compute customs value using various valuation methods> Determine the applicable tariff/tax rate(s) > Compute customs duties/taxes payable		 Identify controls for goods remain on board
Learning Tasks:> Describe the customs duties and taxes applicable in customs> Compute customs value using various valuation methods> Determine the applicable tariff/tax rate(s) > Compute customs duties/taxes payable	Learning	Compute customs duties (imports, 14%
Learning > Describe the customs duties and taxes applicable in customs Tasks: > Compute customs value using various valuation methods > Determine the applicable tariff/tax rate(s) > Compute customs duties/taxes payable	Outcome 301.8	excise and VAT) in accordance with
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 Compute customs value using various valuation methods Determine the applicable tariff/tax rate(s) Compute customs duties/taxes payable 	•	
 valuation methods Determine the applicable tariff/tax rate(s) Compute customs duties/taxes payable 	Tasks:	
 Determine the applicable tariff/tax rate(s) Compute customs duties/taxes payable 		
Compute customs duties/taxes payable		
(imports, excise and VAT)		

Suggested	1. Presentations and practical demonstrations	
Methods of	by trainer.	
Delivery	2. Guided learner activities and research to	
•	develop underpinning knowledge	
Recommended	1. ZIAAT, (2025). Introduction to Customs	
Learning	Management Text. ZIAAT. Zanzibar,	
Materials	Tanzania.	
Sample of	1. Shirley, D. & Karen A. F. (2006). Taxation for	
Reading and	Decision Markers. New York, NY: Pearson.	
Reference	Prentice Hall.	
Materials	2. Gerald, W. & Altus-Buller, M. (2010). Income	
	Tax Fundamentals. New York, NY: South.	
	Western Centage Learning.	
	3. Anthony, F. & Gerald M, (2010). Tax	
	Handbook. Pearson Education. London.	
	4. Peter, M. (2005). London, England: Taxation	
	and Self-Assessment. Thomson.	
	5. United Republic of Tanzania, (2004).	

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	Tanzania Tax Law Reports Vol. I. Dar es
	Salaam, Tanzania: Mkuki na Nyota.
6	. United Republic of Tanzania (2004)-Revised
	Edition 2023. Income Tax Act. Dar es
	Salaam, Tanzania: Government printers.
7	. Nightingle, K. (2002). Taxation. Harlow,
	Essex: Pearson Education- FT Prentice Hall.
8	. United Republic of Tanzania, (2004).
	Tanzania Tax Law Reports Vol. II. Dar es
	Salaam, Tanzania: Mkuki na Nyota.
9	. United republic of Tanzania. (2015). Tax
	administration act. Tanzania: United
	republic of Tanzania Press.
1	0. Revolutionary Government of
	Zanzibar. (2009). Tax Administration and
	Procedures Act: Government Press.

4.3.2 TL302 Fundamentals of Tax Audit and Ethics

Module Title	TL 302 Fundamentals of Tax Audit and Ethics	
Level	Technician Level II	
Contact Hours	610	
Module Description and Aim	Examine the candidates' knowledge and understanding of the framework of tax audit principles and practice.	
Learning Outcomes		

		302.6	Apply the tenets of the Code o	
			and professionalism portfolio technicians	for tax
		302.7		d debt
		002.1	management procedures for a	
			of tax debts	leeevery
		302.8	Describe the consequences	of non-
			compliance with payment oblig	ations
		302.9	5	-
			of the auditing in tax administr	
		302.10	Apply audit evidence standa	
			conducting auditing assignmen	IT
Learning Outcon	ne	Describ	be declaration as a pillar of	6%
302. 1		tax cor	npliance obligation	
Learning Tasks:				
Define decla	ration	00.000	of the pillors of tax compliance	
			of the pillars of tax compliance is of declaration for the major type	nes of
			1 excise duty)	
•	•		ns governing maintenance and	
retention of		-	0	
retention of	busine	ess recor	0	L
retention of	busine e offenc	ess recor	ds	L
retention of ➤ Describe the	busine e offence s	ess recor ces for fa	ds	7%
retention of ➤ Describe the requirement	busine e offence s Desc	ess recor ces for fa	ds ailure to comply with declaration	
retention of ≻ Describe the requirement Learning	busine e offend s Desc taxp	ess recor ces for fa	ds ailure to comply with declaration e rights and obligations of vith regard to tax audit	
retention of ≻ Describe the requirement Learning	busine e offend s Desc taxp	ess recor ces for fa eribe the ayers w	ds ailure to comply with declaration e rights and obligations of vith regard to tax audit	
retention of > Describe the requirement Learning Outcome 302.2 Learning Tasks:	busine e offence s Desc taxp and	ess recor ces for fa cribe the ayers w investig	rds ailure to comply with declaration e rights and obligations of with regard to tax audit gation	
retention of > Describe the requirement Learning Outcome 302.2 Learning Tasks: > Describe the	busine e offend s Desc taxp and e right	ess recor ces for fa cribe the ayers w investig	rds ailure to comply with declaration e rights and obligations of vith regard to tax audit gation	
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retention of > Describe the requirement Learning Outcome 302.2 Learning Tasks: > Describe th > Describe th > Describe th	busine offence s Desc taxp and e right e right e oblig	ess recor ces for fa eribe the ayers w investig es of taxp es of taxp gations o	rds ailure to comply with declaration rights and obligations of vith regard to tax audit gation payers in tax audit payers in tax investigation	7%
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retention of Describe the requirement Learning Outcome 302.2 Learning Tasks: Describe th Describe th Describe th Describe th	busine e offend s Desc taxp and e right e right e oblig e oblig	ess recor ces for fa ribe the ayers w investig as of taxp s of taxp gations o gations o Descrift of tax	ailure to comply with declaration e rights and obligations of with regard to tax audit gation Dayers in tax audit bayers in tax investigation f taxpayers in tax audit f taxpayers in tax investigation be nature, types and process audit based on the legal	7%
retention of > Describe the requirement Learning Outcome 302.2 Learning Tasks: > Describe th > Describe th > Describe th > Describe th > Describe th > Describe th	busine e offend s Desc taxp and e right e right e oblig e oblig	ess recor ces for fa ribe the ayers w investig as of taxp s of taxp gations o gations o Descrift of tax	rds ailure to comply with declaration rights and obligations of vith regard to tax audit ration oayers in tax audit oayers in tax investigation f taxpayers in tax audit f taxpayers in tax investigation be nature, types and process	7%
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retention of > Describe the requirement Learning Outcome 302.2 Learning Tasks: > Describe th > Describe th > Describe th > Describe th Describe th > Describe th	busine e offend s Desc taxp and e right e right e oblig ne	ess recor ces for fa ribe the ayers w investig as of taxp s of taxp sations o Describ of tax require	add its purposes	7 %
retention of > Describe the requirement Learning Outcome 302.2 Learning Tasks: > Describe th > Describe th > Describe th > Describe th Describe th	busine e offend s Desc taxp and e right e right e oblig e oblig ne	ess recor ces for fa ribe the ayers w investig as of taxp gations o gations o Describ of tax require	add its purposes axial and its purposes axia and its purposes ax audit (desk audits, field audit	7% 7%
retention of Describe the requirement Learning Outcome 302.2 Learning Tasks: Describe th Describe th Explain different oriented aud	busine e offend s Desc taxp and e right e right e oblig e oblig ne	ess recor ces for fa ribe the ayers w investig as of taxp gations o gations o Describ of tax require	add its purposes	7% 7%
retention of > Describe the requirement Learning Outcome 302.2 Learning Tasks: > Describe th > Describe th te	busine e offend s Desc taxp and e right e right e oblig e oblig ne erm tax erent ty lits, co	ess recor ces for fa ribe the ayers w investig as of taxp gations o gations o Descrift of tax require	add its purposes audit (desk audits, field audit nsive audits etc) and their respect	7% 7% t, issue- ctive
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retention of > Describe the requirement Learning Outcome 302.2 Learning Tasks: > Describe th > Describe th > Describe th > Describe th > Describe th Describe th > Describe the Coriented auc processes > Describe the to the conclu	busine e offend s Desc taxp and and e right e right e oblig e oblig ne erm tax erent ty lits, co	ess recor ces for fa ribe the ayers w investig as of taxp sations o Describe of tax require x audit a ypes of tax require	rds ailure to comply with declaration e rights and obligations of with regard to tax audit fation objects in tax audit objects in tax investigation of taxpayers in tax investigation of taxpayers in tax investigation objects and process audit based on the legal ements and best practices and its purposes ax audit (desk audits, field audit nsive audits etc) and their respec- involved in tax audit from notifi	7% 7% t, issue- ctive cation

premises etc) > Describe interview techniques in conducting tax audit assignment Learning Outcome Analyze audit evidence 11% tax 302.4 techniques and procedures in conducting tax audit assignment Learning Tasks: > Explain the nature of tax audit evidence and types of evidence (primary and secondary evidence) Explain burden of proof > Describe source of evidence that can used to build the profile of the suspect > Examine fraudulent transactions and documents > Apply suitable criteria to choose appropriate evidence gathering techniques in conducting tax audit assignment Learning Outcome Prepare in 10% tax audit reports 302.5 accordance with applicable principles Learning Tasks: > Explain the nature and role of audit reports > Explain the nature and purpose of tax audit findings > Describe the key points in case of closure proceedings > Prepare audit report, summering key finds and potential corrective actions > Demonstrate the relevant procedures in handling post-report issues in tax audit (taxpayer response, negotiation, etc) Learning Outcome Apply the tenets of the Code of 15% 302.6 Ethics and professionalism portfolio for tax professionals Learning Tasks: Explain the meaning of "ethics," "Values" and "attitudes" > Explain the nature of the "ethics" and philosophical approaches to ethics > Explain the professional approaches to ethics > Describe the ethical objectives of an organization > Describe the ethical objectives of tax profession

- Explain the professional values, code of ethics, and attitudes that identify tax technicians as members of a profession.
- Explain the legal and ethical expectations of a tax technicians of Zanzibar
- Outline the role of the authorities in ethical and related business matters.
- Apply the ZIAAT Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics in relation to a tax technician.

Learning Outcome 307.7	Apply legal provisions and debt management procedures for recovery of tax debts	11%
Learning Tasks:		

- > Describe the nature of tax debts
- > Explain the causes of tax debts
- Demonstrate the application of specific IT tools for debt management
- Apply debt management procedures to recover tax debts
 Apply legal provisions for writing-off of tax debt.

115 0 1	0	
Learning Outcome	Analyze the consequences of non-	14%
302.8	compliance with payment	1
	obligations	l

Learning Tasks:

- > Identify noncompliance activities
- > Analyze offences and penalties for failure to comply with tax laws
- > Determine interest for failure to pay taxes by their due dates
- > Compute penalties and interest for failure to pay tax on due dates
- > Compute interest for under estimation of tax
- > Describe offences in relation to noncompliance activities

Learning Outcome	Analyze the basic terms and 15%	5
302.9	concepts of the auditing in tax	
	administration	
	administration	

Learning Tasks:

➢ Define auditing

- > Describe the principle of independence in relation to an auditor
- Define audit risks,
- > Explain the term internal control system
- Explain the roles and responsibilities of an auditor (internal and external audit)
- > Explain the purpose of audit in business organizations
- > Differentiate between internal auditor and external auditor
- > Explain the relationship between tax audit and normal audit

Learning Outcome 302.10	Apply audit evidence standards in conducting auditing assignment	7 %
Learning Tasks:		
Explain character	nce ses of audit evidence istics of good audit evidence conducting audit assignment	

Suggested	1 Descentations and meastical damagestications	
Suggested	1. Presentations and practical demonstrations	
Methods of	by trainer.	
Delivery	2. Guided learner activities and research to	
	develop underpinning knowledge	
Recommended	1. ZIAAT, (2025). Fundamentals of Tax Audit	
Learning	and Ethics Text. ZIAAT. Zanzibar, Tanzania.	
Materials		
macoriaio		
Sample of	1. Beth, W. D. (2007). Tax Accounting and Tax	
Reading and	Principles for Legal Professionals: Thompson	
Reference	Publishers: England	
Materials	2. Richard, P. & Ronald, G. P. (2009).	
materials	Accounting for Income Taxes. The	
	Accounting Research Manager Group.	
	London, England: Emerald Group	
Publishing.		
	3. Stephen, A., Stephen, S., Daniel J. L. &	
	Joshua, D. (2009). Fundamentals of	
	Taxation Partnership: Taxation Cases and	
	Materials (8th ed). Rosenberg, TX:	
	Foundation Press.	
	4. Wilson, E., Reck, J., & Kaltelus, S. (2009),	
	Accounting for Governmental and Non-Profit	
	Entities, (13th ed). New York NY: Mcgraw-	
	Hill/Irwin.	
	5. Stephen, S. And Daniel J. L. Blac., (2008).	
	Corporate and Partnership Taxation. Letter	
	Outline. (6th ed) Thomson West, England:	
	Foundation Press.	
	6. Bakker, A. and Kloosterhof, S. (2010), Tax	

Risk Management, From Risk to Opportunity, Amsterdam, The Netherlands: IBFD.
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4.3.3 TL 303 Data Analytics and Techniques

Module Title	TL 303 Data Analytics and Techniques		
Level	Technician Level III		
Contact Hours	490		
Module Description and Aim	Apply knowledge and skills in Data analytics to solve problems in the business environment and utilize computer applications techniques in analyzing and summarizing financial data.		
Learning Outcomes	On completion of this module, candidates will reach a competence level sufficient to:		
	 303.1 Describe basic data management concept 303.2 Describe the common sources of organizational data 		
	organizational data 303.3 Apply appropriate data collections techniques in gathering information 303.4 Apply basic statistical techniques in		
	analyzing data 303.5 Use basic statistics for a given data set in data analysis and presentation		
	303.6 Interpret output data for decision making		
	303.7 Apply data encryption techniques in data security		
	303.8 Utilize Access Control Mechanisms for data protection		
	303.9 Apply Data Privacy Policies and Compliance Measures for security and safety of data		
Learning Outcome 303.1	Describe basic data management 4% concept		
Learning Tasks:			
 Define data manage Explain types of dat 	-		

Define data cleaning, data transformation and integration

Learning Outcome 303.2	Describe the common sources of organizational data	7%
Learning Tasks:		
Learning Outcome 303.3	Apply appropriate data collections techniques in gathering information	16%
Learning Tasks:		
 and interview) Outline the advantage collections Explain the procedure Design data collection Pilot test data collection Conduct data collection 		
Learning Outcome	Apply basic statistical techniques	14%
303.4	in analysing the data	
Learning Tasks:		
 and standard deviati Explain the important decision making Explain the difference statistics Gather relevant data Organize the data in 	terms (mean, mode, median, variance on), missing values or outliers nee of data statistics in data analyses in the between deceptive and inferential form reliable secondary sources structured format entifying and addressing missing values	
Learning Outcome	Use basic statistics for a given data	17%
303.5	set in data analysis and presentation	
Learning Tasks:		
the data setCalculate measure of	f central tendency (mean, medium and m f dispersion (Range, variance, standard d entation of data (histogram, box plots bar	eviation)

etc) to summarizing findings

- Calculate expected values for decision making
- Explain the criteria used to select appropriate differential statistical tests (T -test, Chi-squire, ANOVA) based on the data type
- Perform data linkage across several worksheets

Learning Outcome 303. 6	Interpret output data for decision making	17%
Learning Tasks:		
Highlight key findingDiscuss the role of d	o a meaningful report gs and their implication ata in decision making eport from analyzed data	
Learning Outcome	Apply data encryption techniques	7%
303.7	in data security	
Learning Tasks:		
asymmetric encrypticApply encryption tool	a encryption methods (Symmetric and on) s to secure sensitive data at rest and in tr less of encryption solutions in mitigating o	
Learning Outcome	Utilize Access Control Mechanisms 89	
303.8	for data protection	
Learning Tasks:		
access control). > Configure user access	s of access control (e.g., least privilege, ro s rights and permissions for data protection dentify unauthorized access attempts.	
Learning Outcome	Apply Data Privacy Policies and	8%
303. 9	Compliance Measures for security and safety of data	_
Learning Tasks:		
	ns and standards related to data privacy	(e.g.,

Suggested	1. Presentations and practical demonstrations
Methods of	by trainer.
Delivery	2. Guided learner activities and research to
-	develop underpinning knowledge.

Recommended Learning Materials	 Supervised activities in class and Group discussions. ZIAAT, (2025). Data Analytics and Techniques Study Text. ZIAAT. Zanzibar, Tanzania.
Sample of Reading and Reference Materials	 Dawson, R. (2023). Fundamentals of Data Analytics: Learn Essential Skills, Embrace the Future, and Catapult Your Career in the Data-Driven World—A Comprehensive Guide to Data Literacy for Beginners. Jws Publishing. Provost, F and Fawcett, T. (2021). Data Science for Business: What You Need to Know About Data Mining and Data-Analytic Thinking. Upfront Books. Jones, H. (2018). Data Science: The Ultimate Guide to Data Analytics, Data Mining, Data Warehousing, Data Visualization, Regression Analysis, Database Querying, Big Data for Business and Machine Learning for Beginners. Herbert Jones.

4.3.4 TL 304 Elementary of Field Practices and Solutions

Module Title	TL 304 Elementary of Field Practices and Solutions
Level	Technician Level III
Contact Hours	800
Module Description and Aim	Elementary of Field Practices and Solutions is intended to allow candidates to assemble the core competencies that they have developed in the three paraprofessional modules, their practical work experience, and their professional values in a structured and practical way to develop basic business solutions for relevant stakeholder groups.
Learning Outcomes	 On completion of this module, candidates will reach a competence level sufficient to: 304.1 Fill out the registration forms, or register the taxpayer electronically. 304.2 Apply source documents and tax records for tax purposes

	304.3 File tax returns based on the due dates
	304.4 Apply customs clearance procedures for importation
304.5 Apply customs clearance procedures exportation 304.6 Apply customs procedures in perfor carriage coastwise clearance	
	304.8 Compute customs duties (imports, excise and VAT) in accordance with customs law
Learning Outcome 304.1	Fill out the registration forms, or register6%electronically.6%
Learning Practical Tasks:	
 Applying legal pr Identifying relevant	capacity to identify taxpayer's unique profile; rovisions relating to tax payers' registration ant documents/requirements for registration process; ant authorities issuing the required documents for
 Obtaining correct Completing the to documents; 	er of engagement from the taxpayer; et registration form for the specific tax type; tax registration form and required supporting pleted registration form
• Checking the pro-	oof of submission of registration form rror message on the ZRA or TRA system; and
1 0	ssions for completed status of registrations
Learning Outcome	Apply source documents and tax 12%
304.2	records for tax returns purposes
Learning Practical Tasks:	

- > Apply fundamental accounting standards and practices by
 - Preparing the trial balance
 - Preparing Statement of Financial Position
 - Preparing Statement of Profit or Loss
- > Match source documents to the tax types registered for the taxpayer;
- > Match all documents to correct tax period/year;
- Analyze previous years' tax return to establish tax activities base of previous year;
- Summarize all submitted documents in a confirmation letter and declare all records have been submitted;
- Scrutinize source documents for validity as required by relevant authorities' regulations; and
- > Systematically sort and file source documents; and
- Create a working paper file that cross references and indexes source documents to summary sheets.

Learning Outcome 304.3	File tax returns based on the due dates	5%
Learning Tasks:		
	. h	
 Consult with taxpayers Evaluation attached 	5	
	e for tax return and estimation; and	£ +1= = + = ==
	of income (revenue and capital nature) o	i the tax
person ≻ Submit tax return mar	uually by	
8	Determining deadline for submissions;Scheduling tax return completion accordingly;	
 Compiling submissi 		
		omnonting
• Ensuring correct ve the return;	rsion of all supporting documents are acc	ompanying
,	ted documents with Tax authorities offic	al stamp
0	 Checking all submitted documents with Tax authorities official stamp and obtaining acknowledgement of receipt; and 	
• Filling a copy of all returns for own records, with acknowledgement of		ement of
receipt.		
Submit return on e-filling by		
• Logging-in, completing and filling the return on the e-filing system;		
 Printing and filling the tax return and provisional assessment; 		
 Affecting payment on e-filing system; 		
	Checking for notices on e-filing and relating to specific tax payer and	
taking required acti		
	customs clearance procedures for	21%
Outcome 304.4 import	ation	

Outcome 304.4	importation	21/0
Learning Tasks:		

- Identify types of goods imported
- > Determine HS Code, customs value and its tax rate
- > Apply the legal procedures in clearance of imports
- Identify supporting documents for imported goods
- Identify correct form for importation of goods
- > Log-in, fill and submit the clearance form in the customs system;
- Track submissions status.
- Responding to error message.
- Checking all submitted documents with Tax authorities official stamp and obtaining acknowledgement of receipt;
- Perform physical examination of goods
- Filling a copy of all customs documents for own records, with acknowledgement of receipt.
- > Complete payment procedures for imported goods.
- Obtain release order and clear goods.

Learning Outcome 304.5	Apply customs clearance procedures for exportation	21%	
Learning Tasks:			
 Determine Apply the left Identify sup Identify cor Log-in, fill a Track subm Responding Checking a and obtaining Perform ph Filling a conacknowledge Complete ph 	pes of goods exported e HS Code, customs value and its tax rate legal procedures in clearance of exports apporting documents for exported goods orrect form for exportation of goods and submit the clearance form in the customs system; missions status. Ing to error message. all submitted documents with Tax authorities official stamp ning acknowledgement of receipt; hysical examination of goods opy of all customs documents for own records, with dgement of receipt. payment procedures for exported goods.		
Obtain rele Learning	➢ Obtain release order and clear goods. Learning Apply customs procedures in 21%		
Outcome 304.6			
Learning Tasks:	 > Identify types of goods carriage coasts > Determine HS Code, customs value at > Apply the legal procedures in carriage clearance > Identify supporting documents for car goods > Identify correct form (transire) for car goods > Identify correct form (transire) for car goods 	nd its tax rate coastwise rriage coastwise riage coastwise	

 \blacktriangleright Log-in, fill and submit the transire in the customs

	 system; Track submissions status. Responding to error message. Checking all submitted documents with authorities official stamp and obtaining acknowledgement of receipt; Perform physical examination of good Filling a copy of all customs document 	ng s
	 records, with acknowledgement of rec Complete payment procedures for car goods. Obtain release order and clear goods. 	eipt.
Learning Outcome 304.7	Perform verification of customs documents	6%
Learning Tasks:	 > Identify types of documents (commercial customs, etc.) > Identify the purpose of each document > Identify validity of each document > Identify issuing authority for each docum > Conduct verification using customs document 	nent
Learning Outcome 304.8	Compute customs duties (imports , excise and VAT) in accordance with customs law	6%
Learning Tasks:	 > Identify the customs duties and taxes customs > Compute customs value using various methods > Determine the applicable tariff/tax rat goods > Compute customs duties/taxes payable and VAT) 	valuation e(s) for particular

Suggested Methods of Delivery	 Supervised activities in work places Attending work-based simulation workshop
Recommended Learning Materials	 ZIAAT, (2025). Elementary of Field Practices and Solutions Study Text. ZIAAT. Zanzibar, Tanzania. ZIAAT, (2025). Procedural Manual for Elementary of Field Practices and Solutions. ZIAAT. Zanzibar, Tanzania.

"PROFESSION IS OUR LANGUAGE"

AUDITORS AND TAX CONSLUTANTS

ZANZIBAR INSTITUTE OF ACCOUNTANTS,